On successful completion, the course graduate must be able to—

- (i) Describe the association between excessive speed and accidents, deaths, and injuries, and describe the traffic safety benefits of effective speed control.
- (ii) Describe the basic principles of radar speed measurement.
- (iii) Identify and describe the Service's policy and procedures affecting radar speed measurement and speed enforcement.
- (iv) Identify the specific radar instrument used and describe the instrument's major components and functions.
- (v) Demonstrate basic skills in checking calibration and operating the specific radar instrument(s).
- (vi) Demonstrate basic skills in preparing and presenting records and courtroom testimony relating to radar speed measurement and enforcement.
- (c) Recertification. Recertification of operators will occur every 3 years, or as prescribed by State law.

§ 634.28 Traffic accident investigation.

Installation law enforcement personnel must make detailed investigations of accidents described in this section:

- (a) Accidents involving Government vehicles or Government property on the installation involving a fatality, personal injury, or estimated property damage in the amount established by separate Service/DLA policy. (Minimum damage limits are: Army, \$1,000; Air Force, as specified by the installation commander; Navy and Marine Corps, \$500.) The installation motor pool will provide current estimates of the cost of repairs. Investigations of off-installation accidents involving Government vehicles will be made in cooperation with the civilian law enforcement agency.
- (b) POV accidents on the installation involving a fatality, personal injury, or when a POV is inoperable as a result of an accident.
- (c) Any accident prescribed within a SOFA agreement.

§ 634.29 Traffic accident investigation reports.

- (a) Accidents requiring immediate reports. The driver or owner of any vehicle involved in an accident, as described in §634.28, on the installation, must immediately notify the installation law enforcement office. The operator of any Government vehicle involved in a similar accident off the installation must immediately notify the local civilian law enforcement agency having jurisdiction, as well as law enforcement personnel of the nearest military installation.
- (b) Investigation records. Installation law enforcement officials will record traffic accident investigations on Service/DLA forms. Information will be released according to Service/DLA policy, the Privacy Act, and the Freedom of Information Act.
- (c) Army law enforcement officers. These officers provide the local Safety Office copies of traffic accident investigation reports pertaining to accidents investigated by military police that resulted in a fatality, personal injury, or estimated damage to Government vehicles or property in excess of \$1.000.
- (d) POV accidents not addressed in §634.28. Guidance for reporting these cases is provided as follows:
- (1) Drivers or owners of POVs will be required to submit a written report to the installation law enforcement office within 24 hours of an accident in the following cases, with all information listed in paragraph (d)(3) of this section:
- (i) The accident occurs on the installation.
- (ii) The accident involves no personal injury.
- (iii) The accident involves only minor damage to the POV and the vehicle can be safely and normally driven from the scene under its own power.
- (2) Information in the written report cannot be used in criminal proceedings against the person submitting it unless it was originally categorized a hit and run and the violator is the person submitting the report. Rights advisement will be given prior to any criminal traffic statements provided by violators.